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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/857,453	09/05/2001	Ya-Chin King	015057-09162	4772
7.	590 02/28/2003			
Henry K Woodward Townsend and Townsend and Crew Two Embarcadero Center			EXAMINER	
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San Francisco, CA 94111			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2826	
			DATE MAILED: 02/28/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summan	09/857,453	KING ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Victor A Mandala Jr.	2826			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02</u>	<u>December 2002</u> .				
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ Th	nis action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>15-20</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>15-20</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a)☐ approved b)☐ disapproved by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.					
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) All b) Some * c) None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).					
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.					
15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal Pa	PTO-413) Paper No(s) tent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

- 1. The applicant has amended the independent claim 16 to overcome the prior art rejection in Office Action #8, filed 10/23/02. The examiner has considered the Applicant's amendment but finds it to not be able to overcome the prior art. The 35 U.S.C. 103 (a), rejection still stands.
- 2. The Applicant argues that Wrister et al. does not teach multiple gate oxide thickness. Examiner has considered the Applicant's arguments to be non-persuasive. The Office Action #8, filed 10/23/02, states in the 35 U.S.C. 103 (a) rejection that in combination with Gardner et al. it would have been obvious to combine the teachings of both. The examiner also finds the claims 16-20 to be product by process claims, which the Applicant has elected the device claims in Paper #7 and not the method claims.

Initially, and with respect to claims 16-20, note that a "product by process" claim is directed to the product per se, no matter how actually made, In re Hirao, 190 USPQ 15 at 17 (footnote 3). See also In re Brown, 173 USPQ 685; In re Luck, 177 USPQ 523; In re Wertheim, 191 USPQ 90 (209 USPQ 554 does not deal with this issue); In re Fitzgerald, 205 USPQ 594, 596 (CCPA); In re Marosi et al., 218 USPQ 289 (CAFC); and most recently, In re Thorpe et al., 227 USPQ 964 (CAFC, 1985) all of which make it clear that it is the final product per se which must be determined in a "product by process" claim, and not the patentability of the process, and that, as here, an old or obvious product produced by a new method is not patentable as a product, whether claimed in "product by process" claims or not. Note that Applicant has burden of proof in such cases as the above case law makes clear.

As to the grounds of rejection under section 103, see MPEP § 2113 The 35 U.S.C. 103 (a), rejection still stands.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 16-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 6,054,374. Gardner et al. in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,930,620 Wristers et al.

1. Referring to claim 16, a semiconductor device having a gate oxide of multiple thickness, the semiconductor device comprising: a first gate oxide region having a first thickness, (Gardner et al. Col. 7 Lines 46-47 & Wristers et al. Col. 6 Lines 29-30), and a second gate oxide region having a second thickness, (Gardner et al. Col. 7 Lines 48-49 & Wristers et al. Col. 6 Lines 31-32), the second gate oxide region being oxygen-implanted oxide, (Wristers et al. Col. 6 Lines 26-27), the second thickness being greater than the first thickness, (Gardner et al. Col. 7 Lines 56-61 & Wristers et al. Col. 6 Lines 33-36).

Gardner et al. teaches all of the claimed matter in claim 1 except for the oxygen implants which is used for enhancing the growth of oxide, but a nitride implant is taught which is used to inhibit the growth of the oxide. Wristers et al. teaches using an oxygen implant to accelerate the growth of an oxide. It would have been obvious to combine the teachings of Gardner et al. with the teachings of Wristers et al. because it is well known in the art that impurities, such as nitrogen,

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that are added to an oxide reduces the insulating properties and thermal tolerances causing a lower breakdown voltage of the oxide.

2. Referring to claim 17, a semiconductor device having a gate oxide of multiple thickness, wherein the first thickness is less than about 30Å, (Gardner et al. Col. 7 Lines 55-56).

Note that the specification contains no disclosure of either the critical nature of the claimed dimensions or any unexpected results arising therefrom. Where patentability is said to be based upon particular chosen dimensions or upon another variable recited in a claim, the Applicant must show that the chosen dimensions are critical. <u>In re Woodruff</u>, 919 F.2d 1575, 1578, 16 USPQ2d 1934, 1936 (Fed. Cir. 1990).

3. Referring to claim 18, a semiconductor device having a gate oxide of multiple thickness, wherein the first thickness is less than the second by less than about 20Å, (Gardner et al. Col. 7 Lines 56-61).

Note that the specification contains no disclosure of either the critical nature of the claimed dimensions or any unexpected results arising therefrom. Where patentability is said to be based upon particular chosen dimensions or upon another variable recited in a claim, the Applicant must show that the chosen dimensions are critical. <u>In re Woodruff</u>, 919 F.2d 1575, 1578, 16 USPQ2d 1934, 1936 (Fed. Cir. 1990).

- 4. Referring to claim 19, a semiconductor device having a gate oxide of multiple thickness, wherein the first gate oxide region is non-implanted oxide, (Col. 7 Lines 22-26).
- 5. Referring to claim 20, a semiconductor device having a gate oxide of multiple thickness, wherein the first gate oxide, (Gardner et al. Col. 7 Lines 46-47 & Wristers et al. Col. 6 Lines 29-30), is oxygen implanted oxide, the implanted oxygen concentration being less than the implanted oxygen concentration, (Gardner et al. Col. 7 Lines 56-61), of the second gate oxide region, (Gardner et al. Col. 7 Lines 48-49 & Wristers et al. Col. 6 Lines 31-32).

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Conclusion

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Victor A Mandala Jr. whose telephone number is (703) 308-6560. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday from 8am till 6pm..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nathan Flynn can be reached on (703) 308-6601. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-7722 for regular communications and (703) 308-7724 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

VAMJ February 10, 2003

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